

# Inuktut Qaliujaaqpait

NIPIIT	a	i	u
p	pa	pi	pu
t	ta	ti	tu
k	ka	ki	ku
q	qa	qi	qu
ff	ffa	ffi	ffu
s	sa	si	su
hl	hla	hli	hlu
shr	shra	shri	shru
h	ha	hi	hu
ch	cha	chi	chu
v	va	vi	vu
l	la	li	lu
rh	rha	rhi	rhu
j	ja	ji	ju
g	ga	gi	gu
r	ra	ri	ru
m	ma	mi	mu
n	na	ni	nu
ng	nga	ngi	ngu
'	a'	i'	u'

# WHAT IS INUKTUT QALIJJAAQPAIT

Inuktitut Qaliujjaqpait is a unified orthography for Inuktitut that is representative of sounds across all dialects. Speakers of any Inuktitut dialect can use Inuktitut Qaliujjaqpait following the pronunciation specific to their dialect.

A unified orthography for Inuktitut was a recommendation of the National Strategy on Inuit Education (2011), to improve to sharing of educational resources across Inuit Nunangat, facilitate communication across regions and improve teacher and student mobility.

It was developed through eight years of work by Inuit language experts and is the only written form of Inuktitut that was developed by Inuit.

# HOW TO USE INUKTUT QALIJJAAQPAIT

- For long vowels, double the a/i/u (aa, ii, uu)
- When an apostrophe is used after a vowel (i, u, or a), it marks a glottal stop, the “catch in the throat” sound heard in some dialects in words like ma’na, a’aa or Qamani’tuaq
- When an apostrophe is used after an n, it means pronounce the n separately from the following ng sound (as in avin’ngaq in some dialects)
- When an apostrophe is used after an r, it means pronounce the r separately from the following rh sound (as in qar’rhuk in some dialects)

